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PATENT SPECIFICATION

DRAWINGS ATTACHED

L132,954

Inventor: PETER GALLOWAY

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COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

Improvements in and relating to Anti-Vibration Mounting Elements

We, George Angus & Company Limited of Angus House, 152-158 Westgate Road, Newcastle upon Tyne 1, a British Company, do hereby declare the invention for which we pray that a patent may be granted to us and the method by which it is to be performed, to be particularly described in and by the following statement:—
This invention relates to anti-vibration

apparatus and particularly, but not exclusively, engine or other chassis-mountings on motor vehicles.

According to the invention, an anti-vibration 15 mounting element consists of a cushion, of resilients micro-cellulars polyurethane material, basically-cylindrical-in-shape-and-of-circularcross-sectional outline with variation in diameter along the cylindrical axis, the cushion having a uniform central axial bore or a central axial recess in one or both ends and, nearer one end than the other, an outer circumferential mounting groove which is deeper than any other circumferential groove which the cushion might have and is designed to enable the cushion to be mounted in a hole through a supporting or supported member, the two end portions of the cushion, extending respectively from the mounting groove, having relatively different axial load/deflection characteristics.

simple way of obtaining different axial load/deflection-characteristics for the end por-35 acions of a cushion of a material with a uniform characteristic, the characteristics of each end portion depending upon its size and shape.

The cushion provided by the invention can be regarded as, and in use is equivalent to, two cushions joined base-to-base by a neck formed by the mounting groove.

The mounting groove enables the cushion to be simply mounted in a hole through a supporting or supported member, such as a thereof,

mounting plate or bracket, the width and depth of the hole fitting the corresponding dimensions of the groove so that the custion can, through resilient deformation, be pressed into engagement of its groove as a snap fit with the border of the hole. In other words, the 50 cushion can be fitted into a hole like a rubber. grommet.

Consequently, the usual comparatively ela-10 mountings for supporting machines or other *borate bonded rubber and metal fittings of known anti-vibration mountings are avoided; even for large or heavy-duty mountings for which the micro-cellular polyurethane has sufficient capability of compression and resilient recovery to be engaged in and grip the border of a mounting hole:

The two ends of the cushion, at either side of the mounting groove, can be designed for different load/deflection characteristics, to suit initial shock and rebound respectively, and this is of particular advantage in use on motor vehicles.

Different load/deflection characteristics for the two ends of the cushion could be achieved by modification of the resilient properties of the material forming the respective end portions, such as by making them of different density or cellular structure.

The cushion has a uniform central bore which permits inward deflection of the mater-Locating the mounting groove nearer one ial under load and may also be required for end-of-the cushion than the other provides a fitting of the cushion as a sleeve in some uses. Alternatively a central axial recess in one or both ends could serve similar purposes to those of a central bore.

Examples of anti-vibration mounting cushions in accordance with the invention are ilhistrated by way of example on the drawing accompanying the Provisional Specification, in which:

Figs. 1 to 4 are side elevations of four 85 shapes of cushion respectively and Figs. 5 to 8 are corresponding plan views

Each cushion shown consists of a cylindrical body 1 with a uniform bore 2 along the longitudinal axis and an outer circumferential mounting groove 3 for resilient, snap-in engagement with the margin of a hole in a mounting member 4.

Due to the offsetting of the groove 3 as shown, the end portions of the cushion are of different size and have different load/deflection characteristics. Fig. 1 is an example of this for a cushion of basically simple cylindri-

Figs. 2 and 4 show how the diameter of the body 1 can be reduced towards its ends, by arcuste or rectilinear tapering respectively, and Fig. 3 shows how the body 1 can be corrugated so that it has other circumferential grooves 5 which are shallower than the groove 3, to vary the cross-sectional area of the cushion along its loaded axis to suit load/deflection requirements.

The cushions illustrated are preferably moulded or cast from micro-cellular polyur-

ethane.

WHAT WE OLAIM IS:—

1. An anti-vibration mounting element consisting of a cushion, of resilient micro-cellular

polyurethane material, basically cylindrical in shape and of circular cross-sectional outline with variation in diameter along the cylindrical axis, the cushion having a uniform central axial bore or a central axial recess in one or both ends and, nearer one end than the other, an outer circumferential mounting groove which is deeper than any other circumferential groove which the cushion might have and is designed to enable the cushion to be mounted in a hole through a supporting or supported member, the two end portions of the cushion, extending respectively from the mounting groove, having relatively different axial load/deflection characteristics.

An anti-vibration mounting element consisting of a cushion substantially as described and as shown by Figs. 1 and 5, Figs. 2 and 6, Figs. 3 and 7 or Figs. 4 and 8 of the drawing accompanying the Provisional Specifica-

tion.

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